

Network 3.6

Future Astronomical Software Environments for data analysis and processing

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OPTICON Board meeting
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Outline

- Objectives and management
- Progress and Achievements
- Deliveries and Plans



Issues and Objectives

- Network on Future Astronomical Software Environments
- Main issues
 - Many legacy systems available but
 - Not compatible, system specific control languages
 - Offer specific set of packages, often domain specific
 - Not scalable, aimed at single CPU systems
 - Limited support and maintenance
- General objectives
 - Establish high-level requirements
 - Outline software architectural concept
 - Sketch minimum software interface specifications required
 - Emphasis on processing and analysis of data
- Build broad consensus on concept and interfaces

Management

- Management of Network
 - Participants:
 - Regular members: major organizations and systems in Europe
 - Associated members: links to USA, Australia, Japan
 - Monthly phone meetings with minutes
 - Typically 2 face-to-face meetings per year
 - Twiki based Web site at ESO
 - <http://archive.eso.org/opticon/twiki/bin/view/Main/WebHome>
 - Minutes of meetings
 - Documents and publications
 - Discussions
 - E-mail lists for discussions
 - Presentations and posters at meeting
 - ADASS: posters and BoF sessions
 - IAU meeting in Prague: poster
- Man-power support from Euro-VO
 - Prototype developments in Milan and Marseilles

Deliverables

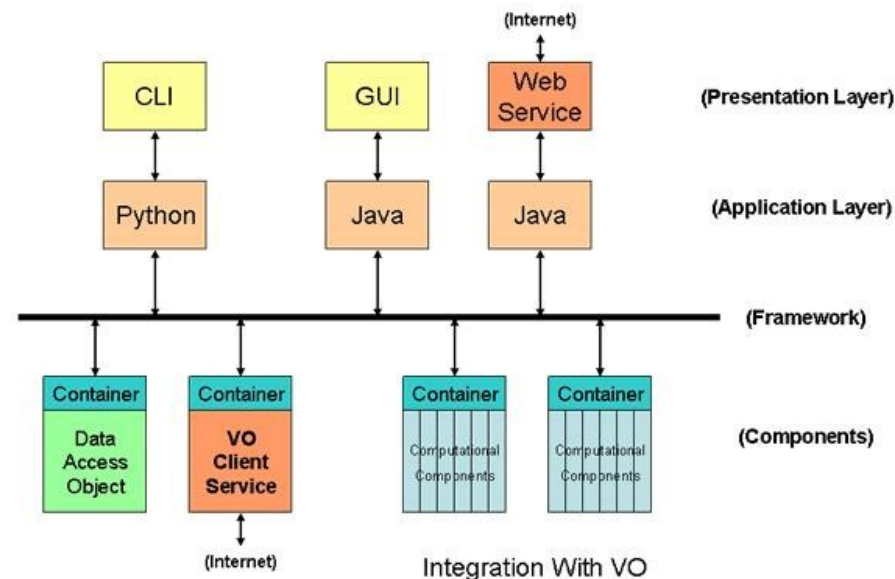
- High-level requirements
 - General needs for analysis of astronomical data
 - Instrument specific pipelines were not considered
 - Global properties of environment
 - Template requirements for specific environment
- Architectural concept
 - Overall structure of environment
 - Support for all main requirements
 - Generic concept which can evolve in time
- Detailed design with outline of interfaces
 - List major components of environments
 - Outline their interactions
 - Sketch all interfaces required

Results (I)

- High-level requirements
 - Draft document with 200+ ranked requirements (2006Q2)
 - Widely discussed and approved (both in USA and Europe)
 - Final version to be released (2008Q1)
- High lights of main requirements
 - Easy to use on desktops (i.e. for individual astronomers)
 - Based on open standards, open source, license free
 - Powerful scripting language (e.g. Python)
 - Simple but extensible to provide scalability (e.g. on clusters)
 - Provide easy interface for development of new tasks
 - Access to important legacy applications

Results (2)

- Architectural concept
 - Draft of concept document available on Twiki
 - Final review 2008Q4
 - General consensus on concept, emphasizing
 - Three level architecture
 - Scalability and modularity using distributed object software bus
 - Flexible access to VO services and legacy applications
 - Separation of astronomical tasks and IT



Results (3)

- Detailed design with outline of interfaces
 - Draft document available on Twiki
 - Review ongoing – final version 2008Q4
 - Major components of environment
 - Script level applications
 - Package manager
 - Distributed virtual machine
 - Tools and tasks
 - Major interfaces
 - Parameter parsing
 - Messaging
 - Data access
 - Package meta-data
 - Task life-cycle

Final FP6 activities

- Presentation at ADASS 2008
 - Poster on detailed design
 - BoF session - ~70 participants
- Face-to-face meeting Marseilles Dec. 11-12
 - Final review of documents to be delivered
 - Planning for FP7 activities
 - Collaboration with VAO (US)
- Final deliveries
 - High-level requirements
 - White paper with architectural concept
 - Detailed design document

Developments in North America

- AURA initiative
 - First meeting June 2008
 - Participation: NOAO, NRAO, NVO, STScI, Gemini, LSST, ...
 - Basic agreement with OPTICON N3.6 concept
 - D. Tody in both groups
 - LSST pipeline interface
 - Integration of IRAF
 - White paper to be made
 - Second meeting Nov. 2008 (ADASS)
 - Short term plans
 - Better IRAF – Python interface (STScI)
 - Emphasize long term objectives
 - Close interaction with OPTICON Network

FP7 Objectives

- Develop detailed interface specification
 - Minimum set required for desktop usage
 - Compatible with Linux
 - Assume Python as scripting language
 - Java interface for VO access
 - C interface for tasks
- Verify interfaces
 - Reference implementation
 - Null implementation for software bus
 - Use XML for parameter parsing
 - Access to VO through Java
- Revision of interface specifications
 - Based on experience from reference implementation
 - EU – US agreement
 - Compatibility with legacy systems

FP7 plans and time-line

- Interface specifications v1.0
 - Close coordination with US
 - Draft available 2009Q3
- Reference implementation
 - Shared 50-50% with US
 - EU work by Milan and Marseilles
 - Start 2009Q1 – adaption of VO standards (e.g. SAMP)
 - Finish 2010Q2
- Revision of specifications
 - Draft by 2010Q2
 - Review end by 2010Q3
 - Delivery 2010Q4

Long term considerations

- Integration of legacy packages
 - Approach major legacy systems
 - IRAF, MIDAS, Gipsy, CPL, AIPS, CASA, ...
 - Special adaption to interfaces
- Approach major organizations
 - Ensure compatibility between their software products and standard environment
- Maintenance of standards
 - IVOA or IAU
- Support for reference implementation
 - Astrophysics Software Laboratory (EU)
 - VAO (US)